



Capitol Resource Institute

2022 Ballot Propositions

Proposition 1

Prop 1 will guarantee abortion after viability and will remove ALL safeguards currently in place to protect babies after viability. This means abortion for any reason, even up to the moment before birth. 79% of Californians oppose abortion after viability. Prop 1 is too extreme, even for California

POSITION: OPPOSE

Proposition 26

Proposition 26 will allow in-person sports betting at tribal casinos and racetracks, and would require race tracks that offer in-person sports betting to pay the state 10% of the sports bets made each day. Additionally, Prop. 26 allows for additional gambling games, such as roulette and games played with dice, at federally recognized Indian tribal casinos in California. The payments made to California would go toward the California Sports Wagering Fund, which will ironically pay for research and programs that address gambling problems and mental health issues.

POSITION: OPPOSE

Proposition 27

Proposition 27 allows tribes or gambling companies to offer online sports betting to anyone 21 and over in the state of California and requires these organizations to make payments to the state for specific purposes. Proposition 27 also creates a new online sports betting regulatory unit and provides new ways to reduce illegal online sports betting. If passed, the proposition would also create a new fund, the California Online Sports Betting Trust Fund (COSBTF). The revenues from this fund would first be used for state regulatory costs, and the remaining monies would be allocated to address homelessness and to fund gambling addiction programs (85%), and the remainder (15%) will be given to tribes that are not involved in online sports betting, to use for tribal government, health, economic development, or other purposes.

POSITION: OPPOSE

Proposition 28

Proposition 28 mandates additional funding for arts education in public schools and public charter schools. While California's government continues to increase spending on things such as funding abortion for women from out-of-state, Proposition 28 would increase state costs by an estimated \$1 billion annually.

POSITION: OPPOSE

Proposition 29

Proposition 29 places new requirements on dialysis clinics. Clinics will be required to have at least one physician, nurse practitioner, or physician's assistant on-site during all hours that patients are receiving dialysis treatment. These new burdensome requirements on dialysis clinics would lead to many closures, leaving many Californians without dialysis treatment or waiting for an extended period for life-saving treatment.

POSITION: OPPOSE

Proposition 30

Proposition 30 will place an additional tax of 1.75% on people with annual incomes above \$2 million. The revenue collected from this tax will go toward the Clean Cars and Clean Air Trust Fund, which will be used to fund programs and state agencies that promote and plan construction and operation for the expansion of zero-emission vehicles (ZEV). As this government program grows, and as state agencies increase pressure on the middle class to purchase still-expensive electric vehicles, the middle class will once again be pinched.

POSITION: OPPOSE

Proposition 31

Proposition 31 is a voting referendum on SB 793, which was passed by the California legislature and signed by Governor Newsom in 2020. If passed by the voters, Proposition 31 will become law and effectively ban the sale of flavored tobacco and tobacco product flavor enhancers at in-person stores and vending machines. For each violation of this law, a tobacco retailer or employee of a tobacco retailer will be fined \$250.

POSITION: OPPOSE